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under this section will cause the exemption to be void ab initio.

(e) Effects of exemption. Gasoline that is subject to an R&D exemption under this section is exempt from other provisions of this subpart provided that the gasoline is used in a manner that complies with the memorandum of exemption granted under paragraph (d) of this section.

§ 80.382 What requirements apply to gasoline for use in American Samoa, Guam and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands?

The gasoline sulfur standards of §§80.195 and 80.240(a) do not apply to gasoline that is produced, imported, sold, offered for sale, supplied, offered for supply, stored, dispensed, or transported for use in the Territories of Guam, American Samoa or the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, provided that such gasoline is:

- (a) Designated by the refiner or importer as high sulfur gasoline only for use in Guam, American Samoa, or the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands:
- (b) Used only in Guam, American Samoa, or the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands:
- (c) Accompanied by documentation that complies with the product transfer document requirements of §80.365; and
- (d) Segregated from non-exempt high sulfur fuel at all points in the distribution system from the point the fuel is designated as exempt fuel only for use in Guam, American Samoa, or the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, while the exempt fuel is in the United States but outside these Territories.

[71 FR 78093, Dec. 28, 2006]

VIOLATION PROVISIONS

§ 80.385 What acts are prohibited under the gasoline sulfur program?

No person shall:

(a) Averaging violation. Produce or import gasoline that does not comply with the applicable sulfur average standard under §80.195, §80.216 or §80.240.

- (b) Cap standard violation. Produce, import, sell, offer for sale, dispense, supply, offer for supply, store or transport gasoline that does not comply with the applicable sulfur cap standard under §80.195, §80.216, §80.210, §80.220, §80.240, or does not comply with an adjusted cap standard approved for a small refiner under §80.271.
- (c) Causing an averaging, cap standard, or geographic phase-in area (GPA) use violation. Cause another person to commit an act in violation of paragraph (a), (b), or (f) of this section.
- (d) Causing violating gasoline to be in the distribution system. Cause gasoline to be in the distribution system which does not comply with an applicable sulfur cap standard under \$80.195, \$80.210, \$80.220 or \$80.240; a sulfur average standard under \$80.195, \$80.216 or \$80.240; or a GPA use prohibition under \$80.219(c).
- (e) Denatured ethanol violation. Blend into gasoline denatured ethanol with a sulfur content higher than 30 ppm.
- (f) *GPA use violation*. Produce, import, sell, offer for sale, dispense, supply, offer for supply, store or transport gasoline that does not comply with a GPA use prohibition under §80.219(c).
- (g) Failure to use sufficient sulfur credits or allotments to offset a pergallon cap adjustment. For a small refiner that has an approved adjustment of its per-gallon cap sulfur standard for a refinery under §80.271, to fail to obtain (or generate) and use the required number of sulfur credits or allotments to offset the revised per-gallon cap sulfur standard under §80.217(d).

[65 FR 6823, Feb. 10, 2000, as amended at 67 FR 40184, June 12, 2002]

§ 80.390 What evidence may be used to determine compliance with the prohibitions and requirements of this subpart and liability for violations of this subpart?

(a) Compliance with the sulfur standards of this subpart shall be determined based on the sulfur level of the gasoline, measured using the methodologies specified in §§ 80.330(b) and 80.46(a). Any evidence or information, including the exclusive use of such evidence or information, may be used to establish the sulfur level of gasoline if the evidence or information is relevant